

Bigger is Better

NLO-Boosted Excimer Lasers for IFE

Canadian Workshop on Fusion Energy Science and Technology

Oct 24, 2023

Conner Galloway

Our lasers will scale to **10s of MJs**
with flexible and reconfigurable illumination geometry
and fine-scale spatio-temporal pulse shaping



This enables
simpler and more **robust targets**

This simplifies
thick-liquid-wall chambers (HYLIFE)



Robust path to
inertial fusion energy

Our team



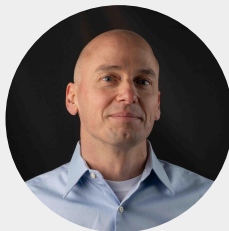
**Conner
Galloway**
CEO, Founder

MIT Nuclear
Engineering
Innoven, Alivacor



**Alexander
Valys**
President, Founder

MIT EECS
Innoven, Alivacor, Meta



**Benjamin
Wheeler**
VP Strategy,
Founder

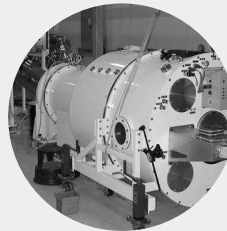
Dartmouth Physics,
UoR Optics,
Berkeley MBA
HP, In-Q-Tel



**Dr. Susana
Reyes**
VP Chamber and
Plant Design

Deputy Project Dir.
at US ITER.

UNED Nuclear
Engineering



**Doug
Weidenheimer**
Director of Pulsed
Power

40 years of
experience in pulsed
power engineering.

L3Harris



**Dr. Cyrus
Herring**
Director of Laser
Engineering

Laser and Optical
Physics, Industrial
Production Facilities
for Optical Systems.

University of Illinois



**Dr. J. Gary
Eden**
Laser & Optical
Science

Prof. of Laser and
Optical Physics at
University of Illinois,
40 years experience
in excimer physics.

We have experienced collaborators and advisors

XCIMER



Dr. Bedros Afeyan

LPI, nonlinear optics, ML
Theory and Computation Lead



Dr. Robert Fedosejevs

Experimental nonlinear optics, LPI
Ultrashort laser physics
University of Alberta



Dr. Tom Mehlhorn

Plasma physics, KrF lasers
Technical Advisory Board



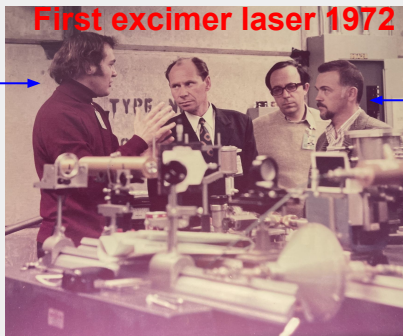
Dr. Cliff Thomas

Target Design
University of Rochester



Dr. Allan Offenberger

Nonlinear Optics
Technical Advisory Board



Dr. Paul Hoff

KrF Kinetics
Program Management
Technical Advisory Board

Dr. William Krupke

Technical Advisory Board



Dr. Joseph Mangano

KrF Laser Kinetics and Applications
Technical Advisory Board



Michael Tobin

Chamber and Neutronics
LLNL, MDA, JAPL, West Point



Dr. Wayne Meier

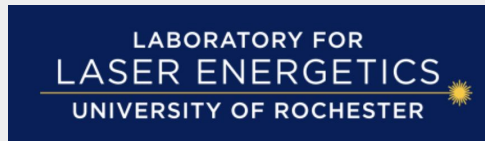
Chamber and Economics
40 years exp. at LLNL



Robert Lundy

VP, Defense
5-time startup CEO

A National Team of Institutions to Accelerate our Efforts



Dr. Cliff Thomas, Dr. Rick Spielman, Dr. Walter Shmayda

Fuel capsule design, tritium handling & pulsed power



Dr. Allison Christopherson, Dr. Omar Hurricane, Dr. Max Tabak.

Fuel capsule design and simulation, nonlinear optical modeling.



Dr. John Kline, Dr. Mark Schmitt

Fuel capsule design and simulation.



Cory Stansbury, Edward Lahoda

Thermal cycle, electrical generation and balance-of-plant.



Dr. Matthew Wolford, Dr. Dan Gordon, Dr. Frank Hegeler, Matthew Myers, Dr. Joe Schumer

Excimer laser design and engineering, nonlinear optical modeling.



**Dr. Christopher Dandeneau,
Dr. Brenda Garcia-Diaz**

Tritium handling.



Dr. Kevin Robb, Jeff Ullreich

Flibe chemistry and handling.



**Massachusetts
Institute of
Technology**

Prof. Akintunde Akinwande

Electron beam diode materials.

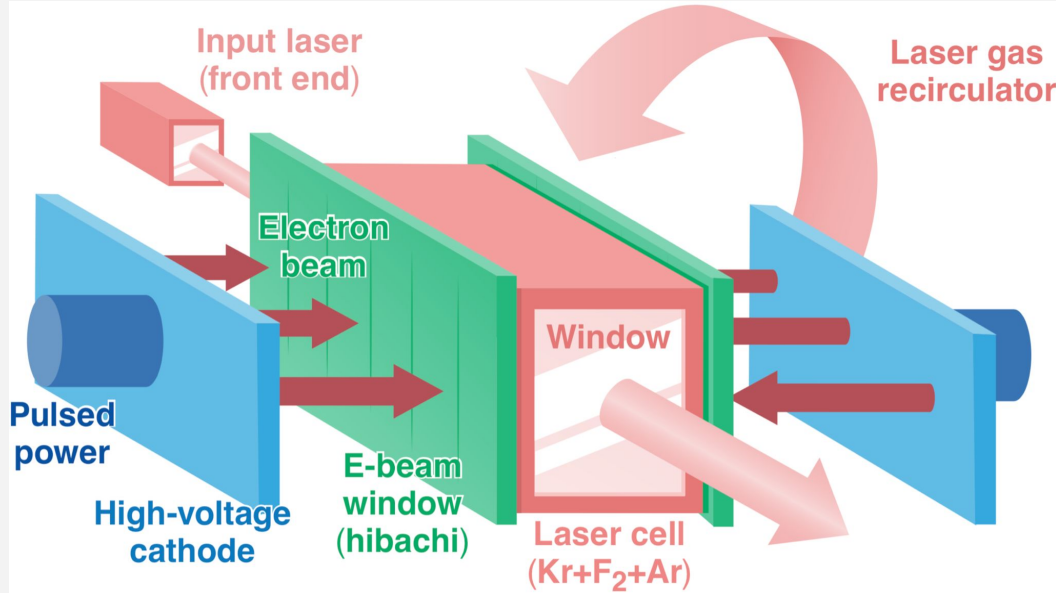
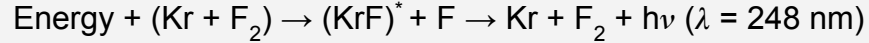


GENERAL ATOMICS

Dr. Neil Alexander

Capsule fabrication, fueling and injection.

Basic elements of a KrF laser



Short upper state lifetime	~3 ns
Low saturation fluence	~2 mJ/cm²

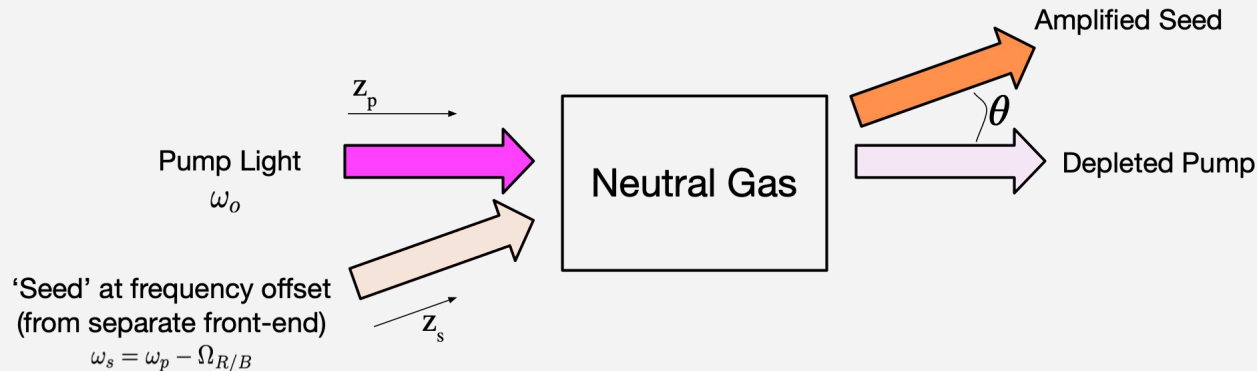
→ NOT a storage laser, must be continually pumped

High saturation intensity	~1 MW/cm²
Output fluence	~10 J/cm²
Pulse length	~2 μs

→ Optical energy must be **“pulse compressed”** for laser fusion

Beam fluence amplification and temporal compression achieved using nonlinear optics (NLO)

⇒ Stimulated Raman and Brillouin Scattering



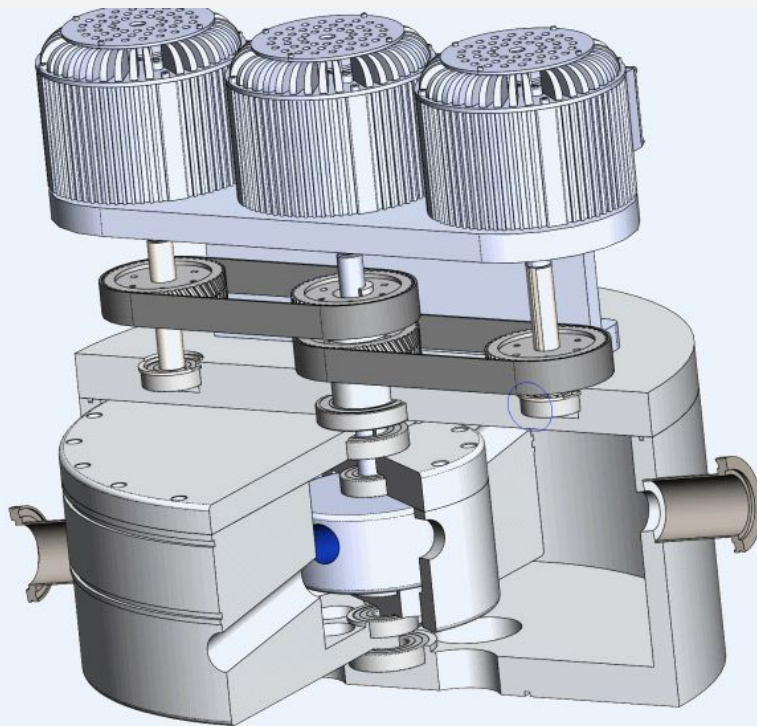
Two light waves at slight frequency offset interact with excitation of gaseous medium:

Brillouin - acoustic phonon

Raman - molecular vibration / rotation

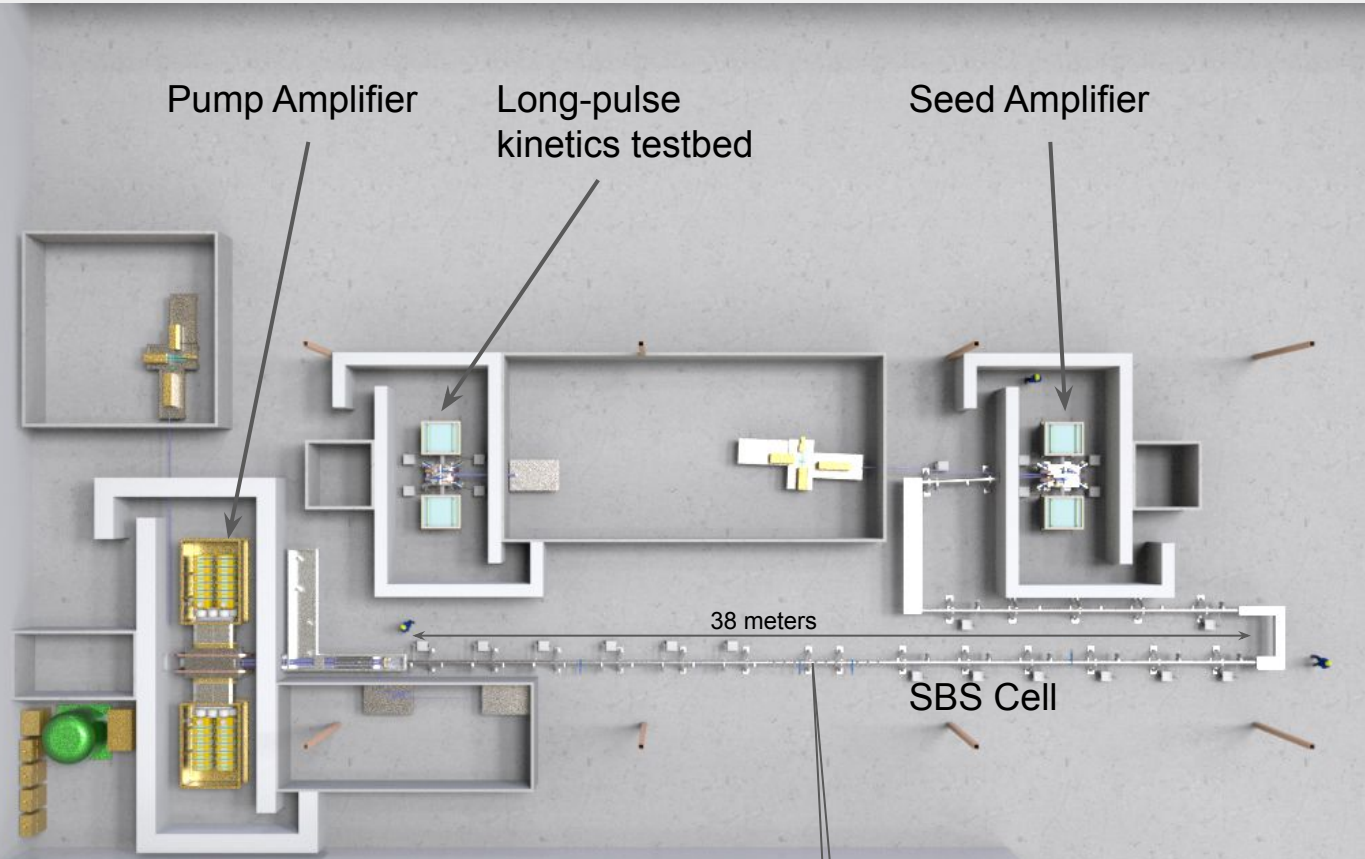
Result: seed pulse is amplified, pump pulse depletes: **energy transfer from pump to seed**

We propagate very-high-fluence laser pulses from gas to vacuum *without a window*



Phoenix laser testbed facility - Q4 2025

XCIMER

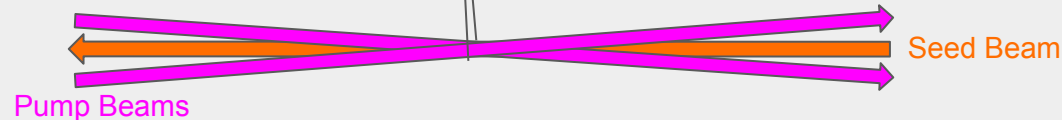


Demonstrate SBS compression in IFE-relevant parameter regime (SBS gain, saturation, beam size, nonlinear thresholds)

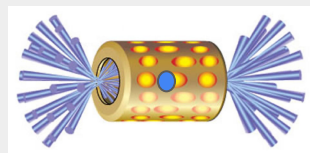
Imaging and AO through SBS, form target illumination pattern

Vacuum shutter

STUD pulses with arbitrary waveform generation through SBS

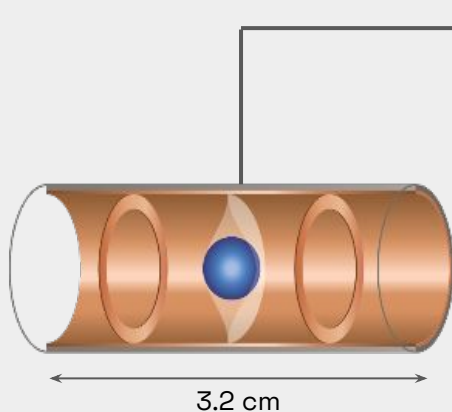


Utilizing only **two beams**, we will directly illuminate a larger target and couple over **30x more energy** than NIF



1 cm

NIF Target
~0.22 mg of DT
~250 kJ coupled



3.2 cm

Xcimer Target
>20 mg of DT
>8 MJ coupled

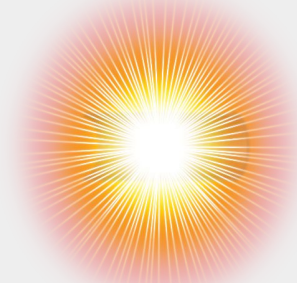
1. First pulse, *indirect drive* illumination



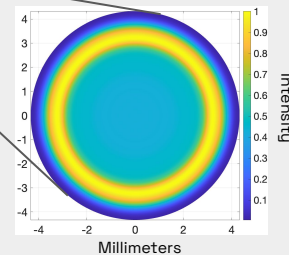
2. Subsequent pulses, *direct drive* illumination (>90% of laser energy)



3. Ignition and burn



Beam Intensity Cross-Section



Ring-peaked laser intensity allows **spherical implosion** from **two-sided illumination**

4. **fusion burst yields >200x laser energy**
fuel burnup ~30%

It takes a village to innovate in IFE target design

Dr. Cliff Thomas (LLE) has already initiated work with Xcimer under an INFUSE award in spring 2022. Dr. Thomas was a target designer at NIF for 10 years and initiated the bigfoot campaign which was a key step along the path to the August 2021 ignition and prior burning plasma shots on NIF. He is a designer at LLE on the direct drive implosion optimization campaign.

Dr. Max Tabak (LLNL) has broad experience in inertial fusion and was on the HALITE team that put to rest fundamental questions about the basic feasibility of achieving high gain in laboratory experiments. He was the co-inventor of the Fast Ignition concept and continues to contribute to its theoretical development. He will investigate both direct and indirect-drive targets utilizing two-sided illumination.

Dr. Omar Hurricane is Chief Scientist for the **LLNL** ICF Program and recipient of the Edward Teller Award. He led the team that developed the “basecamp” strategy leading to improved ignition performance. He will pursue gas-shell and hybrid-indirect-direct and pure direct-drive targets utilizing two-sided illumination.

Dr. Alison Christopherson is a Staff Scientist at **LLNL** and recipient of the Marshall N. Rosenbluth Outstanding Doctoral Thesis Award from the American Physical Society. She will contribute to exploration of the high-energy target design space enabled by the ASPEN architecture.

Dr. Mark Schmitt of **LANL**'s Plasma Theory and Applications group has successfully led many HED programs including recent experiments on NIF and will analyze the Hybrid design and alternatives.

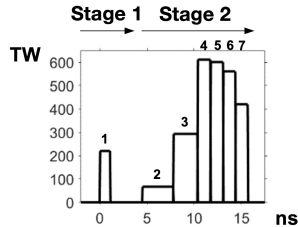
Dr. John Kline, **LANL**'s Fusion Energy Science Program manager, will also contribute to target design investigation using LANL tools.

Dr. Neil Alexander is a Senior Scientist at **General Atomics** with extensive experience around ICF target fabrication for experiments and volume production concepts. He will lead development of a target fabrication process for the Xcimer experimental campaigns, FPP and commercial deployment.

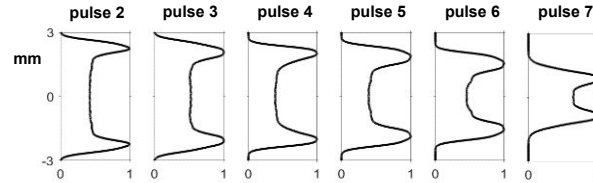
No substitute for peer review and competition, access to existing tools, prior experience

Hybrid targets have adequate implosion symmetry in simulation, and show scale is highly beneficial to margin*

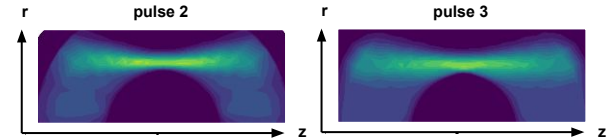
Tuned pulse sequence



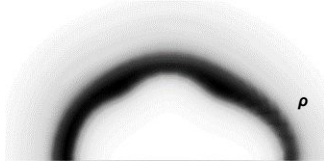
Optimized laser profiles



Local Total Intensity versus position



Hybrid with alphas ON
peak CR at 15.74 ns



Hybrid with alphas OFF
peak BR at 15.86 ns

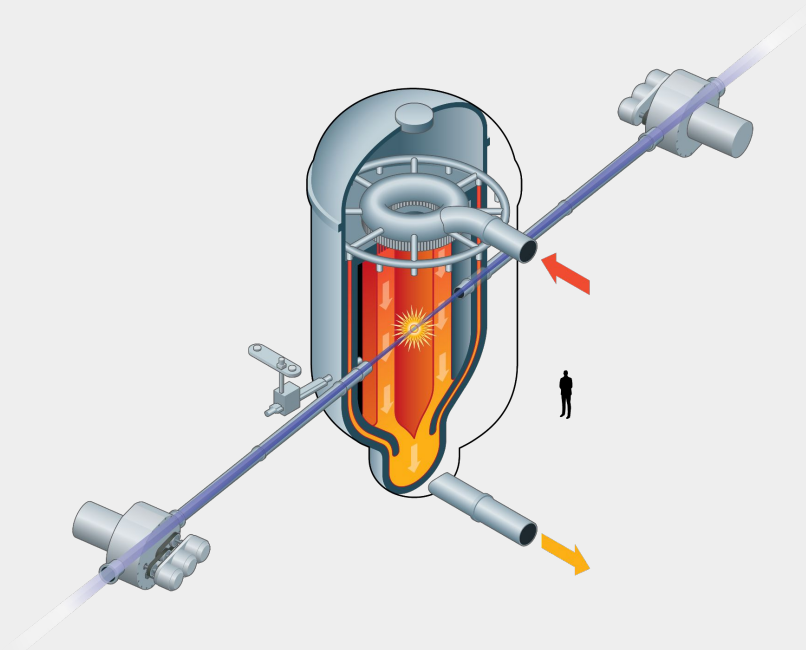


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OMEGA

NIF

- 4 MJ KrF reference design relative to NIF HyE:
 - Stagnation pressure reproduced at adiabat 5-6
 - Imploded mass (and areal density) exceeded by 12x (3x)
 - Maximum gain exceeded by factor of 30-36
 - Physical scale larger by 2.3x
 - Lawson and alpha-heating metric $\chi \sim 2x$ larger
- Target ignites if no-alpha yield > 1/10 of 1-D ($\chi \sim Y^{0.3}$)
- Hotspot $\rho R > 0.3 \text{ g/cm}^2$ even if 9/10 of mass is dudged
- Velocity (laser power) exceed threshold to ignite by 1.3x (1.5x)
- Target goes off going in at modest CR ~ 19

HYLIFE chamber advantages mitigate fusion challenges



Waterfall of FLiBe: coolant, x-ray/debris absorber, neutron moderator, and tritium breeding material all-in-one

Liquid FLiBe directly protects first wall from x-ray/debris and 14 MeV neutrons

➤ *Key advantage over other fusion approaches*

No “first wall problem” - structural wall can last entire 40-year-design lifetime of the plant.

Lower activation and waste production compared to conventional DT fusion approaches

Mitigating challenges of prior HYLIFE designs (LLNL):

- Only 0.25 - 1 Hz rep rate
- Large 50 m stand-off
- Only two beam ports ~10 cm across
- No jet oscillation required
- 30 m of 1 atm gas protects final optics

Fusion energy will ignite an era of prosperity and abundance.

JOIN US
info@xcimer.energy

We are building a team and technology to commercialize inertial fusion energy.